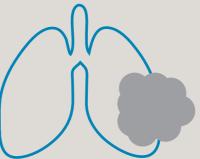


atezolizumab









Extensive stage small cell lung cancer occurs when cells in your lungs become abnormal, grow out of control, form into cancer and then spread to other areas of the body.

You are being treated with TECENTRIQ® in combination with chemotherapy. TECENTRIQ is a treatment that harnesses the power of your body's own immune system to fight cancer.

This is called CANCER IMMUNOTHERAPY.

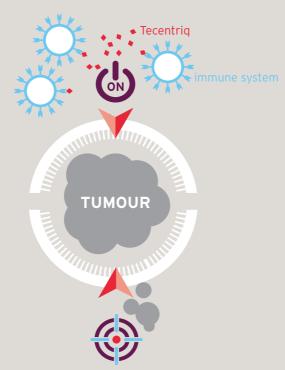
**TECENTRIQ** is the **first** cancer immunotherapy approved for the initial treatment of extensive stage small cell lung cancer.



## Your treatment fights cancer in two different ways:

### TECENTRIQ® IMMUNOTHERAPY

activates your immune system to recognise, attack and destroy cancer cells.



### **CHEMOTHERAPY**

destroys cancer cells and slows cancer's growth over time. It can also help trigger the immune response to the tumour, helping the cancer immunotherapy treatment work even better.





### A chance to feel better longer

Combination therapy can help control cancer symptoms longer.

### 2 TREATMENT PHASES: INDUCTION & MAINTENANCE

INDUCTION

Your initial treatment phase includes chemotherapy in combination with TECENTRIQ®. Your doctor will determine how many induction cycles are best for you.

CHEMO-FREE MAINTENANCE

As long as your cancer remains under control, you will receive TECENTRIQ as a maintenance treatment.

You will be monitored throughout your treatment to identify and control side effects quickly.



### ARRIVE WELL-RESTED AND FED

Unless your doctor or nurse has instructed otherwise, you might wish to eat a light meal beforehand in case you experience nausea during treatment.

### WEAR COMFORTABLE CLOTHES

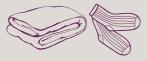
A short-sleeve or V-neck shirt might make it easier to administer your treatment.



### **BRING**

#### Fluids & Snacks

Drinking water or juice will keep you hydrated. You may also get hungry during treatment so bring some of your preferred snacks.



Jumper/blanket & warm socks to put on in case you get cold.



#### **Entertainment**

Books, newspapers or magazines Laptop / tablet with charger Puzzles and games Knitting, or similar



### IT'S BEST NOT TO GO ALONE

especially to the first infusion. Be sure to ask if it's permitted to bring a companion for support.

### PLAN A RIDE HOME

You may find that the medications make you drowsy or cause other side effects that make travelling on your own difficult.

### REST AFTER INFUSION

You may feel quite tired or unwell for 2-3 days after infusion, so plan for some immediate rest as you make arrangements for work, children, pets or other commitments.

### PATIENT ALERT CARD

You will receive a Patient Alert Card at or before your first infusion. Be sure to keep it with you at all times and show it to any and all healthcare professionals who may treat you.

what does a typical infusion day look like?



Your doctor or nurse will administer TECENTRIQ® combination therapy into your vein through an intravenous line.

**INFUSION-DAY** 

1

### **CONSULTATION**

with your doctor or nurse who will make sure you are fit for treatment. Be sure to ask any questions you have and to tell your doctor or nurse if you are experiencing any symptoms or treatment side effects.

2

### **PRE-MEDICATION**

You will be given medication before treatment to reduce chemotherapy side-effects.

### Treatment phases

За

### **INDUCTION**

Every 3 weeks for the number of cycles determined by your doctor

Day 1



in an infusion chair



Day 2/3



in an infusion chair



CHEMOTHERAPY

3b

### **CHEMO-FREE MAINTENANCE**

Every 3 weeks for as long as your cancer remains under control





### MONITORING FOR AN ALLERGIC REACTION

Your nurse will check you for signs of a reaction which can include:

rash

feeling itchy, flushed or short of breath swelling of your face or lips

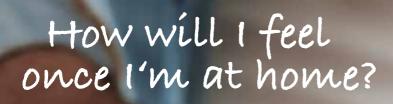
feeling dizzy

pain in the stomach, back or chest

feeling unwell

Tell your nurse immediately if you have any of these symptoms during or up to one day after infusion!

It can happen that you may feel pain along the vein. Inform your nurse immediately.



### AT HOME

People treated with TECENTRIQ® combination therapy usually tolerate the treatment well and are able to continue performing their everyday activities.

As with any other drug,
TECENTRIQ combination therapy
can affect the normal functioning
of your organs and tissues.
We call these problems side effects.
They can sometimes become
serious or life-threatening.

Be sure to inform your doctor or nurse of any side effects, so he/she can help you manage and treat them.

### How can I best take care of myself between treatments?



#### **ACCEPT SUPPORT**

Establish a network of caregivers – family and friends whom you can lean on for physical, emotional and mental support.



### EAT A BALANCED, HEALTHY DIET

Your body needs to get enough protein and calories to heal tissues and fight infections during treatment.

Because treatment side effects may affect your appetite and make eating difficult, try to eat five or six small healthy meals throughout the day, instead of three larger meals.

Also, don't forget to stay hydrated!



### GET SOME EXERCISE AND FRESH AIR

Gentle exercise can help reduce stress and fatigue, and even help you feel like eating. Outdoor, daytime activity can also help you get better nighttime sleep. Speak with your doctor about how much is good for you.



### **REST**

You may feel more tired than usual during treatment. Try to get as much sleep at night as you feel you need to get you going during the day. During the day, try to stay as physically active as possible, but do take short breaks if you feel too tired.



### **POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS**

You may experience one or several of the side effects listed below.

The most common side effects are in bold.

Always be alert for any new symptoms, particularly in the first 2-3 days after treatment. Be sure to get instructions from your doctor or nurse regarding the specific symptoms you should look out for and immediately report them to the emergency contact the hospital provides. Getting medical treatment right away may help keep these problems from becoming more serious!

#### **EYES**

- Altered eyesight
- Double vision
- Eyes more sensitive to light
- Whites of eyes more yellow
- Sore and/or red eyes

#### **MOUTH AND HEAD**

- More thirsty than usual
- Sore or dry mouth
- Feeling faint or dizzy
- Unusual, enduring headaches
- Stiffer neck than usual

#### STOMACH AND BOWELS

- Altered appetite
- Nausea and vomiting
- Constipation
- Diarrhoea
- Black, tarry stools with blood or mucus
- Stomach pain

#### **GENERAL**

- Fever
- Ulcers in the mouth, nose, throat or genital area
- Fatigue or confusion
- Feeling colder than normal
- Weight loss/gain
- Changes in behaviour
- Feeling generally unwell
- Exercise is more difficult than usual

#### **SKIN AND HAIR**

- Itchy skin or rash
- Yellowish skin
- Skin losing some colour
- Abnormal bleeding or bruising
- Abnormal sweating
- Hair loss
- Blistering or peeling skin
- Increased heat/cold sensitivity
- Flushing skin

#### **THROAT, CHEST & HEART**

- New or worse cough
- Deeper voice
- Shortness of breath
- Chest pain
- Rapid or irregular heartbeat

#### URINE

- Abnormal colour and amount of urine
- Increased production of urine at night

#### MUSCLES, NERVES, JOINTS AND LEGS

- Weak, aching muscles
- Numbness or tingling of the hands and feet
- Swollen legs

Because many of these side effects can also occur from other causes that would require different treatments, make sure all your nurses and doctors know-including your family doctor - that you are or were on immunotherapy.

**Always show your Patient Alert Card!** 

# Where can I find more information and support?

### TECENTRIQ® PRODUCT INFORMATION

www.cancertreatments.co.nz www.medsafe.govt.nz

### LUNG CANCER INFORMATION

www.health.govt.nz

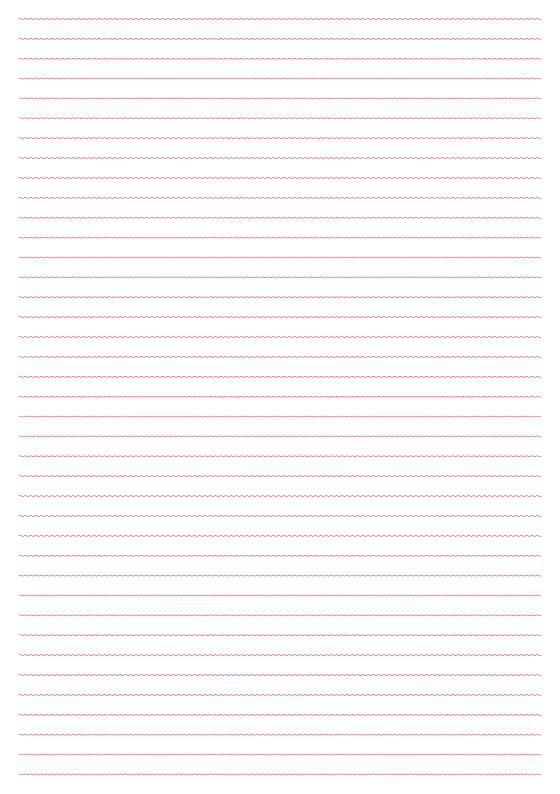
### PATIENT SUPPORT

www.cancernz.org.nz

### OTHER LINKS

 $\underline{www.lungfoundation.org.nz}$ 

Important Contacts
Your doctor or nurse will highlight
the most important numbers for you to call.
the most important numbers for you to call.
Doctor
Nurse
Oncology ward
Acute oncology service
A Charles and Look and Look
After-hours contact number
Accident & Emergency number
Acoustic de Chich de
Patient support line
Other information
notes





Longer symptom control is possible together.





Tecentriq® (atezolizumab) 1200mg/20mL and 840mg/14ml is a **Prescription Medicine** used for advanced or metastatic (spreading) non-small cell lung cancer, extensive stage small-cell lung cancer, advanced or metastatic urothelial (bladder and urinary system) cancer and advanced or metastatic triple negative breast cancer.

Tell your doctor if: you have immune system problems such as Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, or lupus; you have inflammation of the lungs (pneumonitis); you have liver problems, such as hepatitis; you have thyroid problems; you are taking other medicines; you have allergies to any other medicines, foods, preservatives or dyes; you are pregnant or breastfeeding or plan to become pregnant or breastfeed. Tell your doctor right away if you become pregnant during treatment with Tecentriq.

Tell your doctor immediately if you notice any of the following signs and symptoms: inflammation of the lungs (new or worsening cough, shortness of breath and chest pain); inflammation of the liver (yellowing of skin or eyes, nausea, voniting, bleeding or bruising, dark urine, and stomach pain); inflammation of the intestines (diarrhoea, blood in stools, and stomach pain); inflammation of the hyroid, pituitary and adrenal glands (tiredness, weight loss, weight gain, changes in mood or behaviour, visual disturbances, increased sensitivity to cold or heat, slow or rapid heart rate, hair loss, constipation, headache, and dizziness); type 1 diabetes mellitus (feeling more hungry or thirsty than usual, need to urinate more often, weight loss, and feeling tired); inflammation of the brain or spinal cord (neck stiffness, headache, fever, chills, vomiting, eye sensitivity to light, confusion and sleepiness); inflammation of the nerves (muscle weakness, numbness or tingling in hands and feet); inflammation of the pancreas (abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting); inflammation of the heart muscle (shortness of breath, feeling tired, irregular heart beat or chest pain); inflammation of the kidneys (dark and/ or frothy urine, high blood pressure, swelling to face, feet, legs and hands; inflammation of muscles (muscle pain or stiffness or skin rash); infusion reactions (fever, chills, shortness of breath and flushing).

Possible common side effects may also include: loss of appetite; diarrhoea; shortness of breath; itching of the skin; nausea; fever; rash; chills; vomiting; difficulty swallowing; flu-like symptoms; nasal congestion; stomach, back, muscle, bone, joint or throat pain; cough; sore throat; tiredness; common cold; headaches; being short of breath when exercising; urinary tract infection; lung infection; dizziness, light-headedness, looking pale, fainting; bleeding or bruising; mouth ulcers and/or cold sores; constipation; numbness or weakness of the arms and legs; high blood pressure; hair loss; a change in the way things taste.

Tecentriq has risks and benefits. Ask your doctor if Tecentriq is right for you. Use strictly as directed. If symptoms continue or you have side effects, see your healthcare professional. For further information on Tecentriq, please talk to your health professional or visit www.medsafe.govt.nz for Tecentriq Consumer Medicine Information.

Tecentriq is not funded by PHARMAC. You will need to pay the full cost of this medicine.

A prescription charge and normal oncologist fees may apply.

Consumer Panel dated 2 March 2020

